

SAFETY DATA SHEET

Date of last issue: -
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SECTION 1. PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

Product name : LED UV Curable INK
US11-MA220U / US11-MA800U

Manufacturer or supplier's details

Company : MUTOH AUSTRALIA PTY. LTD.
Address : Unit 19/76 Reserve Road, Artarmon, NSW 2064, Australia
Contact section : admin@mutoh-au.com or +61 2 9437 1366
Telephone : +61 2 94371366
Emergency telephone number : Emergency phone number (business hours): +61 2 9437 1366

Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use

Recommended use : Digital Printing

SECTION 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

GHS Classification

Acute toxicity (Oral) : Category 4
Skin corrosion/irritation : Category 2
Serious eye damage/eye irritation : Category 2A
Skin sensitisation : Category 1
Reproductive toxicity : Category 2
Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure : Category 3

GHS label elements

Hazard pictograms :



Signal word : Warning

Hazard statements : H302 Harmful if swallowed.
H315 Causes skin irritation.
H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction.
H319 Causes serious eye irritation.
H335 May cause respiratory irritation.
H361 Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.

Precautionary statements : **Prevention:**
 P201 Obtain special instructions before use.
 P202 Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.
 P261 Avoid breathing mist or vapours.
 P270 Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.
 P271 Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.
 P272 Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace.
 P280 Wear protective gloves/ eye protection/ face protection.
 P281 Use personal protective equipment as required.

Response:
 P301 + P312 + P330 IF SWALLOWED: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/ physician if you feel unwell. Rinse mouth.
 P302 + P352 IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water.
 P304 + P340 + P312 IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/ physician if you feel unwell.
 P305 + P351 + P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.
 P308 + P313 IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/ attention.
 P333 + P313 If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/ attention.
 P337 + P313 If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/ attention.
 P362 Take off contaminated clothing and wash before reuse.

Storage:
 P405 Store locked up.

Disposal:
 P501 Dispose of contents/ container to an approved waste disposal plant.

Other hazards which do not result in classification
 None known.

SECTION 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Substance / Mixture : Mixture

Hazardous components

Chemical name	CAS-No.	Concentration (% w/w)
Tetrahydrofurfuryl acrylate	2399-48-6	>= 30 - < 60
4-(1,1-dimethylethyl)cyclohexyl acrylate	84100-23-2	>= 10 - < 30
2-Propenoic acid, 2-[2-(ethenoxy)ethoxy]ethyl ester	86273-46-3	>= 5 - =< 15
(5-Ethyl-1,3-dioxan-5-yl)methyl acrylate	66492-51-1	< 10
Phenylbis (2,4,6-trimethylbenzoyl) phosphine oxide	162881-26-7	< 10
Diphenyl-2,4,6-trimethylbenzoyl phosphine	75980-60-8	< 10

SECTION 4. FIRST AID MEASURES

General advice : In the case of accident or if you feel unwell, seek medical advice

- immediately.
When symptoms persist or in all cases of doubt seek medical advice.
- If inhaled : If inhaled, remove to fresh air.
Get medical attention.
- In case of skin contact : In case of contact, immediately flush skin with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes while removing contaminated clothing and shoes.
Get medical attention.
Wash clothing before reuse.
Thoroughly clean shoes before reuse.
- In case of eye contact : In case of contact, immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes.
If easy to do, remove contact lens, if worn.
Get medical attention.
- If swallowed : If swallowed, DO NOT induce vomiting.
Get medical attention.
Rinse mouth thoroughly with water.
Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.
- Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed : Harmful if swallowed.
Causes skin irritation.
May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Causes serious eye irritation.
May cause respiratory irritation.
Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.
- Protection of first-aiders : First Aid responders should pay attention to self-protection, and use the recommended personal protective equipment when the potential for exposure exists.
- Notes to physician : Treat symptomatically and supportively.

SECTION 5. FIREFIGHTING MEASURES

- Suitable extinguishing media : Water spray
Alcohol-resistant foam
Carbon dioxide (CO₂)
Dry chemical
- Unsuitable extinguishing media : None known.
- Specific hazards during firefighting : Vapours may form explosive mixtures with air.
Exposure to combustion products may be a hazard to health.
- Hazardous combustion products : Carbon oxides
Oxides of phosphorus
Sulphur oxides
- Specific extinguishing methods : Use extinguishing measures that are appropriate to local circumstances and the surrounding environment.
Use water spray to cool unopened containers.
Remove undamaged containers from fire area if it is safe to do so.
Evacuate area.

Special protective equipment for firefighters : In the event of fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus. Use personal protective equipment.

SECTION 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

- Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures : Use personal protective equipment. Follow safe handling advice and personal protective equipment recommendations.
- Environmental precautions : Discharge into the environment must be avoided. Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Prevent spreading over a wide area (e.g. by containment or oil barriers). Retain and dispose of contaminated wash water. Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained.
- Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up : Soak up with inert absorbent material. For large spills, provide dyking or other appropriate containment to keep material from spreading. If dyked material can be pumped, store recovered material in appropriate container. Clean up remaining materials from spill with suitable absorbent. Local or national regulations may apply to releases and disposal of this material, as well as those materials and items employed in the cleanup of releases. You will need to determine which regulations are applicable. Sections 13 and 15 of this SDS provide information regarding certain local or national requirements.

SECTION 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

- Technical measures : See Engineering measures under EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION section.
- Local/Total ventilation : Use with local exhaust ventilation.
- Advice on safe handling : Do not get on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapours or spray mist. Do not swallow. Do not get in eyes. Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice. Keep container tightly closed. Take care to prevent spills, waste and minimize release to the environment.
- Hygiene measures : Ensure that eye flushing systems and safety showers are located close to the working place. When using do not eat, drink or smoke. Wash contaminated clothing before re-use.
- Conditions for safe storage : Keep in properly labelled containers. Store locked up. Keep tightly closed. Keep in a cool, well-ventilated place. Store in accordance with the particular national regulations.
- Materials to avoid : Do not store with the following product types: Strong oxidizing agents

SECTION 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Components with workplace control parameters

Contains no substances with occupational exposure limit values.

Engineering measures : Minimize workplace exposure concentrations.
Use with local exhaust ventilation.

Personal protective equipment

Respiratory protection : Use respiratory protection unless adequate local exhaust ventilation is provided or exposure assessment demonstrates that exposures are within recommended exposure guidelines.

Filter type : Combined particulates and organic vapour type

Hand protection
Material : Chemical-resistant gloves

Remarks : Choose gloves to protect hands against chemicals depending on the concentration and quantity of the hazardous substance and specific to place of work. Breakthrough time is not determined for the product. Change gloves often! For special applications, we recommend clarifying the resistance to chemicals of the aforementioned protective gloves with the glove manufacturer. Wash hands before breaks and at the end of workday.

Eye protection : Wear the following personal protective equipment:
Safety goggles

Skin and body protection : Select appropriate protective clothing based on chemical resistance data and an assessment of the local exposure potential.
Skin contact must be avoided by using impervious protective clothing (gloves, aprons, boots, etc).

SECTION 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

- Appearance : liquid
- Colour : red
- Odour : No data available
- Odour Threshold : No data available
- pH : No data available
- Melting point/freezing point : No data available
- Initial boiling point and boiling range : No data available
- Flash point : 95 °C
- Evaporation rate : No data available
- Flammability (solid, gas) : Not applicable
- Upper explosion limit : No data available

Lower explosion limit	:	No data available
Vapour pressure	:	No data available
Relative vapour density	:	No data available
Relative density	:	No data available
Solubility(ies)		
Water solubility	:	immiscible
Solubility in other solvents	:	completely miscible Solvent: organic solvents
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	:	Not applicable
Auto-ignition temperature	:	No data available
Decomposition temperature	:	No data available
Viscosity		
Viscosity, dynamic	:	No data available
Explosive properties	:	Not explosive
Oxidizing properties	:	The substance or mixture is not classified as oxidizing.

SECTION 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity	:	Not classified as a reactivity hazard.
Chemical stability	:	Stable under normal conditions.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	:	Vapours may form explosive mixture with air. Can react with strong oxidizing agents.
Conditions to avoid	:	None known.
Incompatible materials	:	Oxidizing agents
Hazardous decomposition products	:	No hazardous decomposition products are known.

SECTION 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Exposure routes	:	Inhalation Skin contact Ingestion Eye contact
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Acute toxicity

Harmful if swallowed.

Product:

Acute oral toxicity	:	Acute toxicity estimate: 924.23 mg/kg Method: Calculation method
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Components:

Tetrahydrofurfuryl acrylate:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): 551 mg/kg

4-(1,1-dimethylethyl)cyclohexyl acrylate:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): 5,000 mg/kg

(5-Ethyl-1,3-dioxan-5-yl)methyl acrylate:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): > 2,000 mg/kg
Method: OECD Test Guideline 423

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rat): > 2,000 mg/kg
Method: OECD Test Guideline 402
Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute dermal toxicity

2-Propenoic acid, 2-[2-(ethenyloxy)ethoxy]ethyl ester:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): 1,790 mg/kg

Acute inhalation toxicity : LD50 (Rat): > 5.04 mg/l
Exposure time: 4 h
Test atmosphere: dust/mist
Method: OECD Test Guideline 403

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rat): > 2,000 mg/kg
Method: OECD Test Guideline 402
Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute dermal toxicity

Phenylbis (2,4,6-trimethylbenzoyl) phosphine oxide:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): > 2,000 mg/kg
Method: OECD Test Guideline 401
Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute oral toxicity

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rat): > 2,000 mg/kg
Method: OECD Test Guideline 402
Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute dermal toxicity

Diphenyl-2,4,6-trimethylbenzoyl phosphine oxide:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): > 5,000 mg/kg
Method: OECD Test Guideline 401

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rat): > 2,000 mg/kg
Method: OECD Test Guideline 402
Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute dermal toxicity

Skin corrosion/irritation

Causes skin irritation.

Components:

Tetrahydrofurfuryl acrylate:

Species: Rabbit
Result: Skin irritation

4-(1,1-dimethylethyl)cyclohexyl acrylate:

Species: Rabbit
Result: Skin irritation

(5-Ethyl-1,3-dioxan-5-yl)methyl acrylate:

Species: Rabbit
Method: OECD Test Guideline 404
Result: Skin irritation

2-Propenoic acid, 2-[2-(ethenyloxy)ethoxy]ethyl ester:

Species: Rabbit
Method: OECD Test Guideline 404
Result: No skin irritation

Phenylbis (2,4,6-trimethylbenzoyl) phosphine oxide:

Species: Rabbit
Method: OECD Test Guideline 404
Result: No skin irritation

Diphenyl-2,4,6-trimethylbenzoyl phosphine oxide:

Species: Rabbit
Result: No skin irritation

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Causes serious eye irritation.

Components:**Tetrahydrofurfuryl acrylate:**

Species: Rabbit
Result: Irritation to eyes, reversing within 21 days

4-(1,1-dimethylethyl)cyclohexyl acrylate:

Species: Rabbit
Result: Irritation to eyes, reversing within 21 days

(5-Ethyl-1,3-dioxan-5-yl)methyl acrylate:

Species: Rabbit
Result: No eye irritation
Method: Directive 67/548/EEC, Annex V, B.5.

2-Propenoic acid, 2-[2-(ethenyloxy)ethoxy]ethyl ester:

Species: Rabbit
Result: No eye irritation
Method: OECD Test Guideline 405

Phenylbis (2,4,6-trimethylbenzoyl) phosphine oxide:

Species: Rabbit
Result: No eye irritation
Method: OECD Test Guideline 405

Diphenyl-2,4,6-trimethylbenzoyl phosphine oxide:

Species: Rabbit
Result: No eye irritation

Respiratory or skin sensitization**Skin sensitization**

May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Respiratory sensitization

Not classified based on available information.

Components:**(5-Ethyl-1,3-dioxan-5-yl)methyl acrylate:**

Test Type: Local lymph node assay (LLNA)

Exposure routes: Skin contact

Species: Mouse

Method: OECD Test Guideline 429

Result: positive

Assessment: Probability or evidence of low to moderate skin sensitization rate in humans

2-Propenoic acid, 2-[2-(ethenyloxy)ethoxy]ethyl ester:

Test Type: Local lymph node assay (LLNA)

Exposure routes: Skin contact

Species: Mouse

Method: OECD Test Guideline 429

Result: positive

Assessment: Probability or evidence of skin sensitisation in humans

Phenylbis (2,4,6-trimethylbenzoyl) phosphine oxide:

Test Type: Maximisation Test

Exposure routes: Skin contact

Species: Guinea pig

Method: OECD Test Guideline 406

Result: positive

Assessment: Probability or evidence of skin sensitisation in humans

Diphenyl-2,4,6-trimethylbenzoyl phosphine oxide:

Test Type: Local lymph node assay (LLNA)

Exposure routes: Skin contact

Species: Mouse

Method: OECD Test Guideline 429

Result: positive

Assessment: Probability or evidence of low to moderate skin sensitisation rate in humans

Chronic toxicity**Germ cell mutagenicity**

Not classified based on available information.

Components:**(5-Ethyl-1,3-dioxan-5-yl)methyl acrylate:**

Genotoxicity in vitro : Test Type: In vitro mammalian cell gene mutation test
Method: OECD Test Guideline 476
Result: negative

: Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)

Method: OECD Test Guideline 471
Result: negative

Genotoxicity in vivo : Test Type: Mammalian erythrocyte micronucleus test (in vivo cytogenetic assay)
Species: Mouse
Application Route: Intraperitoneal injection
Method: OECD Test Guideline 474
Result: negative

2-Propenoic acid, 2-[2-(ethenyloxy)ethoxy]ethyl ester:

Genotoxicity in vitro : Test Type: In vitro mammalian cell gene mutation test
Method: OECD Test Guideline 476
Result: negative

Genotoxicity in vivo : Test Type: Mammalian erythrocyte micronucleus test (in vivo cytogenetic assay)
Species: Mouse
Application Route: Ingestion
Method: OECD Test Guideline 474
Result: negative

Phenylbis (2,4,6-trimethylbenzoyl) phosphine oxide:

Genotoxicity in vitro : Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)
Method: OECD Test Guideline 471
Result: negative

: Test Type: Chromosome aberration test in vitro
Method: OECD Test Guideline 473
Result: negative

: Test Type: In vitro mammalian cell gene mutation test
Method: OECD Test Guideline 476
Result: negative

Diphenyl-2,4,6-trimethylbenzoyl phosphine oxide:

Genotoxicity in vitro : Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)
Result: negative

: Test Type: Chromosome aberration test in vitro
Result: negative

: Test Type: In vitro mammalian cell gene mutation test
Method: OECD Test Guideline 476
Result: negative

Carcinogenicity

Not classified based on available information.

Reproductive toxicity

Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.

Components:

(5-Ethyl-1,3-dioxan-5-yl)methyl acrylate:

Effects on fertility : Test Type: Reproduction/Developmental toxicity screening test
Species: Rat
Application Route: Ingestion
Method: OECD Test Guideline 422

Result: negative

Effects on foetal development : Test Type: Embryo-foetal development
Species: Rat
Application Route: Ingestion
Method: OECD Test Guideline 414
Result: negative

2-Propenoic acid, 2-[2-(ethenyloxy)ethoxy]ethyl ester:

Effects on fertility : Test Type: Combined repeated dose toxicity study with the reproduction/developmental toxicity screening test
Species: Rat
Application Route: Ingestion
Method: OECD Test Guideline 422
Result: negative

Phenylbis (2,4,6-trimethylbenzoyl) phosphine oxide:

Effects on foetal development : Test Type: Fertility/early embryonic development
Species: Rat
Application Route: Ingestion
Method: OECD Test Guideline 414
Result: negative

Diphenyl-2,4,6-trimethylbenzoyl phosphine oxide:

Effects on fertility : Test Type: Fertility
Species: Rat
Application Route: Ingestion
Result: positive

Reproductive toxicity - Assessment : Some evidence of adverse effects on sexual function and fertility, and/or on development, based on animal experiments.

STOT-single exposure

May cause respiratory irritation.

Components:

4-(1,1-dimethylethyl)cyclohexyl acrylate:

Assessment: May cause respiratory irritation.
Remarks: Based on harmonised classification in EU regulation 1272/2008, Annex VI

STOT-repeated exposure

Not classified based on available information.

Repeated dose toxicity

Components:

(5-Ethyl-1,3-dioxan-5-yl)methyl acrylate:

Species: Rat
NOAEL: >= 250 mg/kg
Application Route: Ingestion
Exposure time: 31 Days
Method: OECD Test Guideline 422

2-Propenoic acid, 2-[2-(ethenyloxy)ethoxy]ethyl ester:

Species: Rat
NOAEL: 160 mg/kg
Application Route: Ingestion

Exposure time: 28 Days
Method: OECD Test Guideline 407

Phenylbis (2,4,6-trimethylbenzoyl) phosphine oxide:

Species: Rat
NOAEL: 1,000 mg/kg
Application Route: Ingestion
Exposure time: 90 Days
Method: OECD Test Guideline 408

Diphenyl-2,4,6-trimethylbenzoyl phosphine oxide:

Species: Rat
NOAEL: 100 mg/kg
LOAEL: 300 mg/kg
Application Route: Ingestion
Exposure time: 90 Days

Aspiration toxicity

Not classified based on available information.

SECTION 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicity

Components:

Tetrahydrofurfuryl acrylate:

Acute aquatic toxicity : Toxic effects cannot be excluded
Chronic aquatic toxicity : Toxic effects cannot be excluded

(5-Ethyl-1,3-dioxan-5-yl)methyl acrylate:

Toxicity to fish : LC50 (Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)): 4 mg/l
Exposure time: 96 h
Method: OECD Test Guideline 203

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates : EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 20 mg/l
Exposure time: 48 h
Method: OECD Test Guideline 202

Toxicity to algae : ErC50 (Desmodesmus subspicatus (green algae)): 34 mg/l
Exposure time: 72 h
Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

NOEC (Desmodesmus subspicatus (green algae)): 9 mg/l
Exposure time: 72 h
Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

Toxicity to microorganisms : EC10: 300 mg/l
Exposure time: 3 h
Method: OECD Test Guideline 209

2-Propenoic acid, 2-[2-(ethenyloxy)ethoxy]ethyl ester:

Toxicity to fish : LC50 (Danio rerio (zebra fish)): 6.8 mg/l
Exposure time: 96 h
Method: OECD Test Guideline 203

- Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates : EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 55 mg/l
Exposure time: 48 h
Method: OECD Test Guideline 202
- Toxicity to algae : EC50 (Desmodesmus subspicatus (green algae)): 10 mg/l
Exposure time: 72 h
Method: OECD Test Guideline 201
- NOEC (Desmodesmus subspicatus (green algae)): 0.78 mg/l
Exposure time: 72 h
Method: OECD Test Guideline 201
- Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates (Chronic toxicity) : NOEC (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 0.26 mg/l
Exposure time: 21 d
Method: OECD Test Guideline 211
- Toxicity to microorganisms : EC50: 741 mg/l
Exposure time: 3 h
Method: OECD Test Guideline 209

Phenylbis (2,4,6-trimethylbenzoyl) phosphine oxide:

- Toxicity to fish : LC50 (Danio rerio (zebra fish)): > 90 µg/l
Exposure time: 96 h
Method: OECD Test Guideline 203
Remarks: No toxicity at the limit of solubility.
- Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates : EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): > 1.18 mg/l
Exposure time: 48 h
Method: OECD Test Guideline 202
Remarks: No toxicity at the limit of solubility.
- Toxicity to algae : NOEC (Desmodesmus subspicatus (green algae)): 260 µg/l
Exposure time: 72 h
Method: OECD Test Guideline 201
Remarks: No toxicity at the limit of solubility.
- Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates (Chronic toxicity) : NOEC (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 8.1 µg/l
Exposure time: 21 d
Method: OECD Test Guideline 211
Remarks: No toxicity at the limit of solubility.
- Toxicity to microorganisms : EC50: > 100 mg/l
Exposure time: 3 h
Method: OECD Test Guideline 209

Diphenyl-2,4,6-trimethylbenzoyl phosphine oxide:

- Toxicity to fish : LC50 (Danio rerio (zebra fish)): > 1 - 10 mg/l
Exposure time: 96 h
- Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates : EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 3.53 mg/l
Exposure time: 48 h
Method: OECD Test Guideline 202
- Toxicity to algae : ErC50 (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): > 2.01 mg/l
Exposure time: 72 h
Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

EC10 (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): 1.56 mg/l
Exposure time: 72 h
Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

Toxicity to microorganisms : EC50: > 1,000 mg/l
Exposure time: 3 h
Method: OECD Test Guideline 209

Persistence and degradability

Components:

4-(1,1-dimethylethyl)cyclohexyl acrylate:

Biodegradability : Result: rapidly degradable

(5-Ethyl-1,3-dioxan-5-yl)methyl acrylate:

Biodegradability : Result: Not readily biodegradable.
Biodegradation: 28 %
Exposure time: 28 d
Method: OECD Test Guideline 301B

2-Propenoic acid, 2-[2-(ethenyloxy)ethoxy]ethyl ester:

Biodegradability : Result: Readily biodegradable.
Biodegradation: 84.4 %
Exposure time: 28 d

Phenylbis (2,4,6-trimethylbenzoyl) phosphine oxide:

Biodegradability : Result: Not readily biodegradable.
Biodegradation: 1 %
Exposure time: 28 d
Method: OECD Test Guideline 301B

Diphenyl-2,4,6-trimethylbenzoyl phosphine oxide:

Biodegradability : Result: Not readily biodegradable.
Biodegradation: 0 - 10 %
Exposure time: 28 d
Method: OECD Test Guideline 301F

Bioaccumulative potential

Components:

4-(1,1-dimethylethyl)cyclohexyl acrylate:

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water : log Pow: 5.5 - 5.6

(5-Ethyl-1,3-dioxan-5-yl)methyl acrylate:

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water : log Pow: 1.9

2-Propenoic acid, 2-[2-(ethenyloxy)ethoxy]ethyl ester:

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water : log Pow: 1.7

Phenylbis (2,4,6-trimethylbenzoyl) phosphine oxide:

Bioaccumulation : Species: Fish
Bioconcentration factor (BCF): < 5

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water : log Pow: 5.8

Diphenyl-2,4,6-trimethylbenzoyl phosphine oxide:

Bioaccumulation : Species: Cyprinus carpio (Carp)
Bioconcentration factor (BCF): 18 - 72

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water : log Pow: 3.1 - 3.8

Mobility in soil

No data available

Other adverse effects

No data available

SECTION 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Disposal methods

Waste from residues : Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.

Contaminated packaging : Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or disposal.
If not otherwise specified: Dispose of as unused product.

SECTION 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

International Regulations

UNRTDG

Not regulated as dangerous goods

IATA-DGR

Not regulated as dangerous goods

IMDG-Code

Not regulated as dangerous goods

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code

Not applicable for product as supplied.

National Regulations

ADG

Not regulated as dangerous goods

SECTION 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

Standard for the Uniform Scheduling of Medicines and Poisons : No poison schedule number allocated

Prohibition/Licensing Requirements : There is no applicable prohibition or

notification/licensing requirements, including for carcinogens under Commonwealth, State or Territory legislation.

The components of this product are reported in the following inventories:

AICS : All ingredients listed or exempt.

SECTION 16. OTHER INFORMATION

Further information

Sources of key data used to compile the Safety Data Sheet : Internal technical data, data from raw material SDSs, OECD eChem Portal search results and European Chemicals Agency, <http://echa.europa.eu/>

Full text of other abbreviations

AICS - Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances; ANTT - National Agency for Transport by Land of Brazil; ASTM - American Society for the Testing of Materials; bw - Body weight; CMR - Carcinogen, Mutagen or Reproductive Toxicant; CPR - Controlled Products Regulations; DIN - Standard of the German Institute for Standardisation; DSL - Domestic Substances List (Canada); ECx - Concentration associated with x% response; ELx - Loading rate associated with x% response; EmS - Emergency Schedule; ENCS - Existing and New Chemical Substances (Japan); ErCx - Concentration associated with x% growth rate response; ERG - Emergency Response Guide; GHS - Globally Harmonized System; GLP - Good Laboratory Practice; IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer; IATA - International Air Transport Association; IBC - International Code for the Construction and Equipment of Ships carrying Dangerous Chemicals in Bulk; IC50 - Half maximal inhibitory concentration; ICAO - International Civil Aviation Organization; IECSC - Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China; IMDG - International Maritime Dangerous Goods; IMO - International Maritime Organization; ISHL - Industrial Safety and Health Law (Japan); ISO - International Organisation for Standardization; KECI - Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory; LC50 - Lethal Concentration to 50 % of a test population; LD50 - Lethal Dose to 50% of a test population (Median Lethal Dose); MARPOL - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships; n.o.s. - Not Otherwise Specified; Nch - Chilean Norm; NO(A)EC - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Concentration; NO(A)EL - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Level; NOELR - No Observable Effect Loading Rate; NOM - Official Mexican Norm; NTP - National Toxicology Program; NZIoC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals; OECD - Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development; OPPTS - Office of Chemical Safety and Pollution Prevention; PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic substance; PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances; (Q)SAR - (Quantitative) Structure Activity Relationship; REACH - Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals; SADT - Self-Accelerating Decomposition Temperature; SDS - Safety Data Sheet; TCSI - Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory; TDG - Transportation of Dangerous Goods; TSCA - Toxic Substances Control Act (United States); UN - United Nations; UNRTDG - United Nations Recommendations on the Transport of Dangerous Goods; vPvB - Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative; WHMIS - Workplace Hazardous Materials Information System

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and shall not be considered a warranty or quality specification of any type. The information provided relates only to the specific material identified at the top of this SDS and may not be valid when the SDS material is used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text. Material users should review the information and recommendations in the specific context of their intended manner of handling, use, processing and storage, including an assessment of the appropriateness of the SDS material in the user's end product, if applicable.